Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Answer *all* questions selecting either {(a),(b)}

or {(c),(d)} from each question

Give diagrams wherever necessary

1. a) Discuss lysogenic cycle of Virus.

8

b) Write short notes on any two:

 2×2

- i) RNA Virus
- ii) Conjugation
- iii) Economic importance of Virus.

OR

c) Discuss bacterial transduction.

8

d) Write short notes on any two:

 2×2

- i) DNA virus
- ii) Sporulation in Bacteria
- iii) Economic importance of Bacteria.

2.	a)	Discuss the life cycle of Vaucheria.	
	b)	Write short notes on any two:	2 ×
		i) Ectomycorrhiza	
		ii) Crustose Lichens	
		iii) Cleistothecium.	
		OR	
	c)	Discuss the life cycle of Puccinia.	
	d)	Write short notes on any two:	2×2
		i) Heterocyst	
		ii) Classification of Algae	
		iii) Conceptacles in Fucus.	
3.	. a)	Discuss the alternation of generation Funaria.	ion in
	b)	Write short notes on any two:	2×2
		i) Archegoniophore of Marchantia.	
		ii) Economic importance of Bryophytes	
		iii) Classification of Bryophytes upto fan	nily.
		OR	

c) Discuss the range of thallus organization Bryophytes.	n in 8
d) Write short notes on any <i>two</i> :	o 2 × 2
i) Antheridiophore of Marchantia	, _
ii) Ecological importance of Bryophytes	
iii) Sporophyte of Funaria.	
a) Discuss reproduction in Selaginella.	8
b) Write short notes on any two:	2 × 2
i) Actinostele	
ii) Sporophyte of Equisetum	
iii) Sporophyte of Cooksonia.	
OR	
c) Describe the structure and anator Rhynia.	my of 8
d) Write short notes on any two:	2 × 2
i) Heterospory	
ii) Megasporangia of Selaginella	
iii) Embryo of Pteris.	

5.	a)	Describe the female gametophyte of Cycas. 8
	b)	Write short notes on any <i>two</i> : 2×2
		i) T.S. of Coralloid root
		ii) Male cone of Pinus
		iii) Megasporophyll of Cycas.
		OR

d) Write short notes on any two:

 2×2

- i) Pinus needle
- ii) Ecological importance of Gymnosperms

c) Describe the general characteristics, morphology

and economic importance of Gymnosperms. 8

iii) Male cone of Cycas.

L-401-11

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks Answer *all* questions selecting either $\{(a),(b)\}$ or $\{(c),(d)\}$ from each question

- a) Describe the structure and functions of storage polysaccharides.
 - b) Write short notes on any *two*: 2×2
 - i) Types and significance of chemical bonds.
 - ii) Biological roles of Proteins.
 - iii) Structure of 'Z' DNA.

OR

- c) Describe in detail the primary and secondary structure of proteins.
- d) Write short notes on any *two*: 2×2
 - i) Structure of t-RNA
 - ii) Essential fatty acids
 - iii) Role of Mannitol and Sorbitol.

2.	a)	What do you mean by free energy? Differentiate endergonic and exergonic reactions with examples.
	b)	Write short notes on any
		i) 2nd Law of thermodynamics 2×2
		ii) Structure of enzyme
		iii) Enzyme inhibition.
		OR
	c)	Define Michaelis-Menter equation for a single
		substrate-enzyme catalysed reaction. 8
	d)	
		i) Redox reactions
		ii) Coupled reactions
		iii) Classification of enzymes.
3.	a)	Describe the structure of an eukaryotic cell and
		mention the functions of different organelles. 8
	b)	Write short notes on any <i>two</i> : 2×2
		i) Characteristics of Prokaryotic Cell
		ii) Passive membrane transport
		iii) Exocytosis.

c)	Describe the fluid mosaic model of membrane
	structure. Mention briefly the functions of cell
	membrane. 8
d)	Write short notes on any <i>two</i> : 2×2
	i) Facilitated trnasport
	ii) Characteristics of eukaryotic cell
	iii) Endocytosis.
a)	Elaborate the structure and roles of
	microfilaments and intermediary filaments. 8
b)	Write short notes on any <i>two</i> : 2×2
	i) Molecular organization of Chromatin
	iii) Functions of Golgi apparatus
	iii) Peroxisomes.
	OR
c)	Describe the structure and functions of
,	mitochondria. 8
d)	Write short notes on any <i>two</i> : 2×2
	i) Nuclear pore
	ii) Chloroplast ultrastructure
	(Labelled diagram only)
	iii) Functions of endoplasmic reticulum.

4.

5.	a)	Describe in detail the regulation of cell cycle.
	b)	Write short notes on any <i>two</i> : 2×2
		i) Prophase of Mitosis
		ii) Chiasmata formation
		iii) Diakinesis.
		OR
	c)	Describe in detail the different stages of Meiosis-I.
	d)	Write short notes on any <i>two</i> : 2×2
		i) Interphase
		ii) Telophase of mitosis
		iii) Anaphase-II of meiosis.

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks Answer *all* questions

Give relevant diagrams wherever necessary

- a) Depict with diagrams different levels of structure of protein. Describe the biological roles of proteins.
 - b) Write notes on the following: 2+2
 - i) Polysaccharides
 - ii) Structural lipids.

OR

- c) Depict with diagrams A, B and Z types of DNA and their importance in Cell.
- d) Write notes on the following: 2+2
 - Nomenclature and classification of Carbohydrates
 - ii) Fatty acid structure and function.

of

to

2	. a	Describe the mechanism and Kinetics of enzyme action with special reference to Michaelis-Menten equation.
	b	Write notes on the following: $2+2$
		i) Derive the 2nd law of thermodynamics
		ii) ATP as energy currency of cell.
		OR
	c	Describe the structure and classfication of enzymes.
	d)	Write notes on the following: 2+2
		i) Enzyme Inhibition
		ii) Redox reactions.
3.	a)	Describe Mechanism of membrane transport. 8
	b)	
		i) Endosymbiotic theory
		ii) Prokaryotic cell characters.

c)	Discuss the structure, chemistry and function plant cell wall.	on of 8
d)	Write notes on the following:	2+2
	i) Difference between Prokaryotic Eukaryotic Cells.	and
	ii) Endcytosis and Exocytosis.	
a)	Describe the structure and moleculorganisation of Chromosomes.	ılar 8
b)	TOUGH IN THE INTOTION .	2+2
	i) Nuclear pore complex	2
	ii) Microfilament.	
	OR	
c)	Discuss the structural organisation, function a semiautonomous nature of chloroplast.	and 8
d)	Write notes on the following.	+2
	i) Mitochondria structure	· had
	ii) Role of Microtubules.	

4.

5.	a)	Discuss different stages of Mitotic division.	cel
	b)	Write notes on the following:	2+2
		i) Cell cycle	
		ii) Regulation of Cell cycle.	
		OR	
	c)	Discuss different stages of Meiotic Division.	cel
	d)	Write notes on the following:	2+2
		i) S phase	
		ii) Difference between Palchytene Diakinesis.	and

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Answer all questions

Give diagrams wherever necessary

- 1. a) Give an illustrated account of cell structure of Bacteria.
 - b) Write short notes on the following: 2×2
 - i) Conjugation
 - ii) TMV.

OR

- c) Describe bacterial transformation as a method of genetic recombination.
- d) Write short notes on the following: 2×2
 - i) Lytic Cycle
 - ii) Role of bacteria in Industry.

2.	a)	Give an illustrated account of Range of thallus organisation in Chlorophyceae.
	b)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2
		i) Endomycorrhiza
		ii) Apothecium.
		OR
	c)	Give an illustrated account of life cycle of Penicillium.
	d)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2
		i) Algal bloom
		ii) Crustose lichen.
3.	a)	Give an illustrated account of Morphology and Anatomy of <i>Marchantia</i> .
	b)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2
		i) Antherediophore
		ii) Economic importances of Sphagnum
		OR

c)	Give an account of classification of Bryon (upto family).	ohytes 8
d)	Write short notes on the following:	2 × 2
	i) Mass Protonema	*
	ii) Gemma cap.	
a)	Describe the process of reproducti Equisetum.	on in
b)	Write short notes on the following:	2 × 2
	i) Protostele	
	ii) Heterospory.	
	OR	
c)	Describe the process of reproducti	on in
d)	Write short notes on the following:	2 × 2
	i) Rhynia Reproductive Structure	

4.

- 5. a) Give an illustrated account of female gemetophyte of *Pinus*.
 - b) Write short notes on the following: 2×2
 - i) Cycas male cone
 - ii) Pinus needle.

OR

- c) Give an illustrated account of ovule of cycas. 8
- d) Write short notes on the following: 2×2
 - i) Coralloid root
 - ii) Ovuliferous scale.

L-366-11

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks Answer *all* questions

Give labelled diagrams wherever necessary

- a) Describe the mode of infection and life cycle of TMV.
 - b) Write short notes on the following: 2×2
 - i) General Characters of Prions.
 - ii) Physicochemical characteristics of viruses.

OR

- c) Give an account of the characteristics and classification of viruses.
- d) Write short notes on the following: 2×2
 - i) Application of viruses in molecular research
 - ii) Characteristics of Viroids.

2	. a)	Describe the mechanism of genetic transformation in bacteria.
	b)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2
		i) Importance of bacteria as a biofertilizer
		ii) Structure of Mycoplasma.
		OR
	c) d)	Give an account of the industrial application of bacteria. 8 Write short notes on the following: 2 × 2 i) Endospores ii) Classification of archaebacteria.
3.	a)	Give a general account of the structure of a typical algal cell.
	b)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2
		i) Algal pigments

ii) Environemntal significance of algae.

c)	Describe the range of thallus organization in algae with reference to the structural evolution.			
d)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2	2		
	i) Aplanospores in algae			
	ii) Contribution of TV Desikachary to algaresearch in India.			
a)	Give a general account of the life cycle of Oedogonium.	f 3		
b)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2	2		
	i) Isogamy in Chlamydomonas			
	ii) Morphology of Volvox colony.			
	OR			
c)	Give an account of the life cycle of Nostoc.	3		
d)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2	2		

Thallus structure of Coleochaete

ii) Asexual reproduction in Chlamydomonas.

4.

5. a) Describe the sexual mode of reproduction in

	Vaucheria.
b)	Write short notes on the following: $2 \times$
	i) General characters of Rhodophytes
	ii) Structure of globules of Chara
	OR
c)	Describe the sexual reproduction in Ectocarpus.
d)	Write short notes on the following: 2×2
	i) Evolutionary significance of Chara.

Tetrasporophyte of Polysiphoria.

[Turn Over

2019

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Answer *all* questions

Part-I

1.	Ans	swer the following: 8×1
	a)	The major components of Protoplasm is
	b)	The samllest amino acid is
	c)	The cell wall was discovered in
	d)	Microtubules are made up of
	e)	Which enzyme can digest Proteins of plant origin?
	f) ,	The amino acid has equal +Ve and -Ve charge known as?

L-531

- g) Name the cementing agent present between the cell wall.
- h) Cytoplasm without cell organelles termed as ?

Part-II

- 2. Answer any *eight* of the following:
- $1\frac{1}{2} \times 8$
- a) Give the function of inhibitors.
- b) Explain redox reactions?
- c) What is a nucleotide?
- d) Write is process of protein denaturation.
- e) What is a proton Pump.
- f) Explain co-transport.
- g) Write the Advantages of crossing over.
- h) Explain the diadvantages of mitosis.
- i) Define Michaelies-Menten equation.
- j) What are the peptide bonds.

Part-III

- 3. Answer any *eight* of the following: 8×2
 - a) Give the detail structure of Dia-saccharides.
 - b) Write the function of Oligosaccharides.
 - c) Describe the sturcture of z-DNA molecule.
 - d) Differentiate between storage and structural lipids.
 - e) Discuss endosymbiotic theory.
 - f) Give an over view of fluid mosaic model.
 - g) Explain the semiautonous nature of chloroplast.
 - h) What are the functions of Golgi apparatus?
 - What are the advantages of exocytosis.
 - j) What are applications of cell cycle.

Part-IV

4. a) Explain different classes of enzymes with examples.

OR

- b) Discuss the law's of Thermodynamics.
- 5. a) Describe the types and functions of lipids.

OR

- b) Give an account of the sturcuture of nitrogenous bases of a DNA molecules.
- 6. a) Write about the nuclear pore complex.

OR

- b) Give the principles of facilitated transport.
- 7. a) Explain the Advantages and disadvantages of cell cycle regulation.

OR

b) Give the sturcture and function of Cytoskeleton.

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks
Answer all questions

Part-I

1. An	is wer the following: 1×8
a)	Name a single stranded RNA viruses.
b)	What are the reserve food materials in Algae.
c)	Name the tallest Bryophy in the world.
d)	Which is commonly known as living fossil.
e).	The bacterial nucleus calles as
f)	Discovery of Penicillin was based on
g)	Male gometophyte of Selaginella is found within the
h)	Pinus embryo contains number of Cotyledons.

Part-II

- 2. Answer any *eight* of the following:
- $1\frac{1}{2} \times 8$
- a) Name three symbiotic bacteria.
- b) Write the meaning of latent stage.
- c) Name three edible fungi.
- d) Define Hologamy.
- e) Define Actinostele.
- f) Write about the sporoginious tissue in Moss.
- g) Ovuliferous scales of Pinus.
- h) Describe transfusion tissues.
- i) How and who discovered the Virus.
- j) Name three algae used in food industry.

Part-III

- 3. Answer any eight of the following:
- 2×8
- a) Differentiate the parts at Bacteriophase.
- b) Write about the Gram-Negative bacteria.

- c) How sexual reproduction of Lichen occur?
- d) Write the composition of cell wall composition of fungi.
- e) Ennumerate the sorus of Pterus.
- f) Write about the meghasporophyll of cycas.
- g) Write notes on Coralloid roots.
- h) Give an account of thallus structure of Riccia.
- i) What is stellar evolution.
- i) Anatomical features of Pinus needle.

Part-IV

4. a) Discuss the different processes of genetic recombination in bacteria.

OR

b) Describe the sturcture and process of infection of TMV.

5. a) Give an account of morphology and life cycle of *Polysiphonia*.

OR

- b) Discuss the ecological significance of the order Zygomycota.
- 6. a) Give the general identifying characters and classification of Pteridophytes.

OR

- b) Discuss the range of thallus organisation in Bryophytes.
- 7. a) Describe the morphology and life cycle of *Gnetum.* 6

OR

b) Discuss the ecological and economical importance of Gymnosperms.

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks
Answer all questions

Part-I

An	aswer the following: 1×8
a)	Bacteriophase consist of
b)	"Crown gall" disease in plants is caused by
c).	Name the type of sexual reproduction found in <i>volvox</i> .
d)	Name the photosynthetic pigment present in Vaucheria.
e)	Give the name of Virus group causing AIDs.
f)	The cell wall of bacteria consist of
g)	Cell wall of chlorophyceae is made up of
h)	What is the reserve food materials in Polysiphonia.
	[Turn Over

Part-II

- 2. Answer any *eight* of the following: $1\frac{1}{2} \times 8$
 - a) Define Prions.
 - b) What is lytic cycle.
 - c) Name three useful Bacteria.
 - d) What is a Mesospore.
 - e) Write the names of reserve food materials in Algae.
 - f) Digramatically represent the cell structure of Chlorophyta.
 - g) Describe the life cycle of Chara.
 - h) Write the significance of Rhodophyta.
 - i) Define Oogamous.
 - j) What is a aplanospore.

Part-III

 2×8

- 3. Answer any *eight* of the following:
 - a) What are viroids.
 - b) Describe pathogenesis.

- c) What is a root nodules.
- d) Give the cell structure of cyanobacteria.
- e) Write the structure of flagella.
- f) Describe the life cycle of chlamydomonas.
- g) Write the general characters of Xanthopolyter.
- h) Diagramatically represent the cell structure of *Fucus*.
- i) Elaborate the physicochemical properties of virus.
- j) Briefly describe about mycoplasma.

Part-IV

4. a) Discuss the economic importance of virus with reference to a vaccine production.

OR

 Define microbes. Give a detail account of Microbial nutrition and growth. 5. a) Give an detail account of genetic recombination in bacteria.

OR

- b) Discuss the evolutionary significance of prochloron.
- 6. a) Describe the role of algae in agriculture and industry with examples.

OR

- b) Write the morphology and life cycle at Oedogonium.
- 7. a) Discuss the cell structure, morphology and life cycle of Ectrocarpus. 6

OR

b) Give the detail account of the Morphology and Evolutionary significance of chlorophyta.

I-UG-Bot(DSC_{A/B/C})-I

2019

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Answer all questions

Part-I

1.	An	swer the following:	1 × 8
	a)	Iodine is obtained from	
	b)	Who discovered heterothallism in fungi_	•
	c)	The main plants of Bryophytes are	
	d)	Pteridophytes are commonly known as	•
	e)	Name the organism which is an exception cell theory.	to the
	f)	Rhizopus is commonly known by the name	6
	g)	Give the common name of funaria.	,
	h)	Give the type of seed germination four <i>Pinus</i> .	nd in
		Turn	Over

Part-II

2. Answer any eight of the following:

11/2 × 8

- a) Write the function of receptor site.
- b) What is a virion.
- c) Write about endomicorrhiza.
- d) Explain dikaryotic hyphae.
- e) Explain apogamy.
- f) Diagram of Riccia thallus.
- g) Write the defination of dictyostele.
- h) Give the function of a sporophylls.
- i) Explain Algal zone.
- j) What is Mycorrhiza.

Part-III

3. Answer any eight of the following:

 2×8

- a) Write notes on Heterocyst.
- b) Justify RNA as genetic material.
- c) Briefly discuss about the Gill of Agaricus.

- d) Write notes on VAM.
- e) Write the economic importance of Sphagnum.
- f) Describe the gemma cup of Marchentia.
- g) Differentiate between archegonium of Fern and Moss.
- h) What is Heterospory.
- i) Write about the polyembryony in Pinus.
- j) Write notes on transfusion tissue.

Part-IV

 Give a detail account of genetic recombination in bacteria.

OR

Describe the general characters and economic importance of Algae.

5. Enumerate the reproduction and economic importance of Lichens.

OR

Discuss different types of reproduction in fungi.

6. Write about the unifying characters of Archigoniates.

OR

Explain what you understand by alternation of generations.

7. Justify why selaginella is not considered as a seed plant.

OR

Describe the life cycle of cycas with labelled diagrams.

L-511-200

[Turn Over

2021

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks
Answer *all* questions

Give labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

Part-I

1.	Ans	wer the following by fill in the blanks or one
	sent	tence answer: 1×8
	a)	Give the name of nitrogen fixing bacteria.
	(b)	Bacterial cell wall is chemically composed
		of
	c)	Heterocyst present in
	d)	Fruit body of Agaricus is called as
	e)	Elaters helps in
	f)	Mention the systematic position of the
		Selaginella up to family.
	g)	Coraloid root is found in
	h)	Polyembryony condition is found in the embryo
		development of

L-825

- 2. Answer any *eight* of the following: $1\frac{1}{2} \times 8$
 - a) Mention the chemical nature of Virus.
 - b) Define endospore.
 - c) Diagramatic representation of T phage.
 - d) Thallus structure of Vauheria.
 - e) Conidiophore of Penicillium.
 - f) Structure of fruticose lichen.
 - g) Antherdiophore.
 - h) What do you mean by heterospory?
 - i) Megasporophyll of cycas.
 - j) Mention the general characters of Gymnosperms.

Part-III

- 3. Answer any *eight* of the following: 2×8
 - a) Explain economic importance of Virus.
 - b) Describe the role of bacteria in agriculture.
 - c) Explain bacterial conjugation.

- d) Structure of a Chlamydomonas cell.
- e) Thallus structure of Fucas.
- f) Sexual reproduction of Rhizopus.
- g) Sporophyte of Marchantia.
- h) Archegoniophore of Funaria.
- i) Anatomical features of coraloid root of Cycas.
- j) Microsporophyll of Pinus.

Part-IV

4. a) Describe the replication process of a DNA Virus with reference to T phage.

OR

- b) What do you mean by genetic recombination. Explain the process of genetic recombination found in bacteria.
- 5. a) Describe the range of thallus organisation in algae.

OR

b) Give an account of morphology and life cycle of Penicillium.

6. a) Describe the gametophytic phase reproduction is Funaria.

OR

- b) What do you mean by heterospory? How it leads in to seed habit discuss it.
- 7. a) Give an account of sporophytic phase of reproduction in Cycas.

OR

b) Describe the process of reproduction found in Pinus.

L-825-1100

2021

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks
Answer *all* questions

Give labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

Part-I

1 An	swer the following by fill in the blanks or one
	rd answer: 1×8
	Lock and key hypothesis was proposed by
b)	The charge in heat energy is called
c)	The nucleotide absent in DNA is
d)	Name of chemical bond present in the protein.
e)	The longest period of the cell cycle is
f)	Chiasmate occurs in substage of
1)	Prophase-I.
g)	Chlorophyll molecules are present in the of Chloroplast.
h)	Mitochondria is called of the cell.
L-789	[Turn Over

- 2. Answer any *eight* of the following: $1\frac{1}{2} \times 8$
 - a) Write two significant features of buffers.
 - b) Write two important features of first law of thermodynamics.
 - c) What is holoenzyme? Write the components of a holoenzyme.
 - d) Define reducing sugar.
 - e) What is Chargaff's rule?
 - f) Incipient nucleus.
 - g) What are the essential features of S-Phase?
 - h) Diagramatic representation of Chloroplast.
 - i) Why lysosome is called as the suicidal bag of the cell.
 - j) Write the important functions of the peroxisome.

Part-III

- 3. Answer any *eight* of the following: 2×8
 - a) Explain inonic bonds.
 - b) Exergonic reactions.

- c) Biological role of enzymes.
- d) Explain important features of disaccharides with examples.
- e) Write down the significance of meiosis.
- f) Mention the bilogical rules of protein.
- g) Fluid-mosaic model of plasmamembrane.
- h) Explain nuclear pore complex.
- i) Why mitochondria is called as the power house of the cell.
- j) Ribosome.

Part-IV

4. a) What are enzymes? Give an account of nomenclature and classification of enzymes.

OR

b) Give an account of different types of chemical bond.

5. a) What are proteins? Describe the different structures of proteins.

OR

- b) Give an illustrated account of double helical structures of DNA.
- 6. a) What is mitosis? Describe the different stages of mitosis with it's significance.

OR

- b) Explain the ultra structure and function of mitochondria.
- 7. a) Describe the structure and functions of an interphase nucleus.

OR

b) Describe the chemistry, structure and functions of plant cell wall.

2021

Full Marks - 60

Time - 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks
Answer *all* questions

Part-I

1 × 8
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Turn Over
ae.

- 2. Answer any *eight* of the following: $1\frac{1}{2} \times 8$
 - a) What is Prions?
 - b) What is endospore?
 - c) Chemical nature of Virus.
 - d) What is bacterial transduction?
 - e) Name the bacteria used as bio-pesticides.
 - f) Thallus structure of Coleochaete.
 - g) What do you mean by coenobium?
 - h) Diagramatic representation of life-cycle of polysiphonia.
 - i) What do you mean by archaebacteria?
 - j) Economic importance of Nostoc.

Part-III

- 3. Write short notes on any eight of the following:
 - a) Photoautotropism
 - b) Viroids
 - c) Structure of TMV
 - d) Bacterial conjugation

[3]

- e) Role of Bacteria in vaccine production
- f) Role of algea in industrial use
- g) Cell structures of Chara
- h) Structures of conceptacle
- i) Plurilocular sporangia
- j) Autotrophic nature of algae.

Part-IV

4. a) Describe the structure and multiplication of T₄ bacteriophage.

OR

- b) Discuss the Baltimore's system of virus classification.
- 5. a) Describe the mechanism of genetic recombination in bacteria.

OR

b) Describe the ultra-structure of a bacterial cell.

6. a) Give a note on various economic use of algae.

OR

- b) Describe the cell structure and life-cycles of Chlamydomonas.
- 7. a) Describe the morphology and life cycle of Vaucheria.

OR

b) Describe the thallus structure and life cycle of Ectocarpus.

L-765-1200

I-UG-EV-I (Arts/Sc/Com)

2021

Full Marks - 25

Time - 1 hour

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Answer all questions

Part-I

- 1. Answer the following in a word or in a sentence each : 1×5 ନିମ୍ନୋକ୍ତ ଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଉତ୍ତର ଗୋଟିଏ ଶବ୍ଦରେ ଅଥବା ଗୋଟିଏ ବାକ୍ୟରେ ପ୍ରଦାନ କର :
 - a) Define social progress.
 ସାମାଳିକ ପ୍ରଗତିର ସଂଜ୍ଞା ନିରୂପଣ କର ।
 - b) Define gender justice. ଲିଂଗଗତ ନ୍ୟାୟର ସଂଜ୍ଞା ନିରୂପଣ କର ।
 - c) What do you mean by 'honour killing' ?ସମ୍ମାନକନକ ମରଣର ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଣ ?
 - d) What does STEM stands for ? ଏସ.ଟି.ଇ.ଏମ୍.ର ପୂରାନାମ କ'ଣ ?
 - e) How forced marriage is forbidden in the Quran ? 'କୁରାନ'ରେ ବଳପୂର୍ବକ ବିଦାହକୁ କିପରି ନିଷେଧ କରାଯାଇଛି ?

- - a) What does PCPNDT Act aim at ? ପ୍ରାକ୍ ଗର୍ଭଧାନ ଓ ପ୍ରାକ୍ ପ୍ରସବ ନିଦାନ ତକ୍ନିକ୍ (ପ୍ରା.ଗ.ପ୍ରା ପ୍ର.ନି.ଡ) ଅଧିନିୟମର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ କ'ଣ ?
 - b) Examine the factors that deter women's position in the society. ସମାକରେ ନାରୀର ଅବସ୍ଥିତି ବା ଅଧ୍ୟାନକୁ ଯୁର୍ଷ କରୁଥିବା କାରକଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ପରୀକ୍ଷା କର ।
 - c) What is 'double burden' of women ? ନାରୀର 'ଦୈତ ବୋଝ' କହିଲେ କ'ଣ ବୃଝ ?
 - d) Who become more victimised by child marriage and why? ବାଲ୍ୟବିବାହ ଦ୍ୱାରା କିଏ ଅଧିକ ଶିକାର ହୋଇ ବିପର୍ଶ୍ୱିସ୍ତ ହୋଇଥାଏ ଓ କାହିଁକି ?
 - e) Why is gender sensitive language needed ? ଲିଂଗ ସଚେତନ ଭାଷାର ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା କାହିଁକି ରହିଛି ?
- f) What is 'MeToo' Movement ? Discuss. 'ମୁଁ ମଧ୍ୟ' ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନ କହିଲେ କ'ଣ ବୁଝ ? ଆଲୋଚନା କର ।

- g) Why is women's work not taken into account in the National GDP Account?
 ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରୀୟ ସମୁଦାୟ ଘରୋଇ ଉତ୍ପାଦ ଖାତାରେ ନାରୀର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟାବଳୀକୁ କାହିଁକି ନିଆଯାଏ ନାହିଁ ?
- h) Elaborate how gender equality can ensure social progress. ଲିଂଗଗତ ସାମ୍ୟ ସମାଜିକ ପ୍ରଗତିକୁ କିପରି ସୁନିଷ୍ଟିତ କରିଥାଏ ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା କର ।

Answer the following within 250 words each ନିମ୍ନୋକ୍ତର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ୨୫୦ ଶବ୍ଦ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପ୍ରଦାନ କର

3. a) "Dowry is a potential sin under the guise of virtue"–Justify. 5 ''ଯୌତୁକ ପ୍ରଥା ପୂଖ୍ୟର ପ୍ରଚ୍ଛଦ ତଳେ ଏକ ସଂଭାବିତ ପାପକ୍ରିୟା ମାତ୍ର''– ଏ ଉକ୍ତିର ଯଥାର୍ଥିତା ପ୍ରତିପାଦନ କର ।

OR

b) Differentiate between Visible and Invisible work with examples. ସଦୃଷ୍ଟାନ୍ତ ଦୃଶ୍ୟମାନ (ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ୍ଷ) ଓ ଅଦୃଶ୍ୟମାନ (ଅପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ୍ଷ) କାର୍ଯ୍ୟମଧ୍ୟରେ ପ୍ରଭେଦ ଦର୍ଶାଅ ।

4. a) What is Role Conflict? Explain. ଭୂମିକା ପାଇଁ ସଂଘର୍ଷ କହିଲେ କ'ଣ ? ବୃଝାଅ ।

OR

b) What is FGM? Justify how it is a barbaric Practice.

ଏଫ୍.କି.ଏମ୍. କ'ଣ ? ଏହା କିପରି ଭାବରେ ଏକ ଅମାନୃଷିକ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ବୁଝାଅ ।

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